# 竜ヶ崎第一高等学校 白幡探究 I 数学領域 『三平方の定理とコンパスの活用』

「Use of Pythagorean theorem and compass」

# 原本(The original)



#### 1年 B組 庚班

キーワード: 三平方の定理、池の 深さ、池の植物 Keyword:

The Pythagorean theorem, The depth of the pond,

Plant in a pond

見立算法規矩分等集 Mitate Sanpou Kiku Buntousyu

享保7年 A.D.1730 著者 : 万尾 時春

Author: MASHIO.Tokiharu

#### 現代語訳(The Japanese translation)

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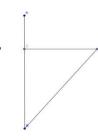
#### 数学的内容(The mathematical content)

『三平方の定理とコンパスの活用』 •数学 三平方の定理を使って、池の深さXを調べる。

右図からAC=2尺 CA'=8尺 AB=A'Bだから

A'B=x+2尺三平方の定理により  $A'B^2 = CB^2 + A'C^2 \Rightarrow$ 

よって X=15 池の深さは15尺である。



係:幸坂·木村

# 英語訳(The English translation)

Tuse of Pythagorean theorem and compass J

#### The English translation

Into a pond, two plants have sprung up and have come out from the 2<sup>shaku</sup> water surface. They have sprung up from the position where length is equal and the same. It leans untip the tip of one plant become the same height as the water surface, in order to investigate the depth. There is 8<sup>shaku</sup> of distance to the tip of a plant leaning from the place to which the plant which is not leaned cones out from the water surface. This is reduced and it expresses 8sun.

When extending the compass to arc passes through the tips of two plants, it can be seen that extends 1<sup>syaku</sup> 7<sup>sun</sup>. This is one tenth of the length of the plant.

As 2<sup>syaku</sup> 2<sup>sun</sup> that has come out from the surface of the water from this length, draw depth of the pond can be seen and is 1shaku 1sun. This can be seen as a 1<sup>jyo</sup> 5<sup>shaku</sup> depth of actual pond and 10 times since Aru shrinking.

Or in tilted hit the root to the pile of a single plant it is possible to determine the length of

Feature • Noticed ·use a compass · have a reduced

係: 丹羽

# 英語訳(The mathematical English translation)

Tuse of Pythagorean theorem and compass J

#### The Mathematical English translation

Find out the value of X which is depth of pond with a compass and the Pythagorean

From the right figure, AC=2<sup>shaku</sup> CA'=8<sup>shaku</sup> AB=A'B, so A'B=X+2<sup>shaku</sup> From the Pythagorean theorem,

 $A'B^2=CB^2+A'B^2$ So  $(X+2)^2=X^2+8^2$  $X^2 + 4X + 4 = X^2 + 64$ 4X=60

Accordingly, we can find that the depth of pond is 15<sup>shaku</sup>. A trait and noticed

↑The figure

- •We can find the answer indirectly without diving into the pond.

係: 沼尻•木村

# まとめ・今後の課題・感想(Summary , Challenges for the future and writing of impressions of all )

#### まとめ(Summary)

この和算書では池の深さを求めるために池の中の長 さが等しく同じ場所から生えている植物を現代のコン パスの様に使い池の中に三角形を作り三平方の定 理で池の中に入らないで池の深さを測っている。 This book of Japanese mathematics uses a plant equivalent in the length to find the depth of the pond. It grows from the same place. It is used like a compass and a triangle is made in the pond and they are measuring the depth using Pythagorean theorem.

#### 今後の課題(Challenges for the future)

この和算書で用いている解法よりもより簡単でより早 くよりわかりやすい解法があるか検証していきたい。 We should look for a better way, And we want to spread the book of Japanese mathematics.

#### 感想(Writing of impressions of all)

昔の人たちは自分たちでよく考え独自の方法で 様々なことを求めていた。私たちも分からないこと があったとしても昔の人たちのようにまずは自分で 考えチャレンジする心を磨きたいとこの授業を通し

In the old days people thought carefully various things from a unique point of view.

We want to improve our fighting split too.

